

# 2018 Employee Climate Survey

## Presentation for Vice President for Research

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Assessment Group for Diversity Issues

9.23.19

For more information and full results: <https://diversity.colostate.edu/2018-employee-climate-survey/>



Colorado State University

# CSU Employee Climate Assessment

- Purpose
  - Assess the current CSU climate
- 2018 Focus
  - Provide results at the division/college level
- Biennial assessment
  - Survey
  - Open ends
  - Open forums
  - Focus groups

# CSU Employee Climate Assessment

- Results
  - Provide a picture of employment experiences and perceptions
  - Further CSU's commitment to institutional accountability
  - Be actionable and incite dialogue
    - Inform policies, initiatives, and opportunities that will provide an exceptional and equitable work environment
  - Establish a starting point to help know where to direct efforts

# Methodology

- Instrument development
  - Solicited topic areas employees wanted covered
  - Offered division-specific questions
- Administered Fall 2018
  - Online
  - Hard copy
  - Diversity symposium

# Methodology

- Results are reported in aggregate and no identifying information reported
- Email invitation and reminders came from Vice President or Dean
- Survey advertised through Source, CSU President, Councils, Diversity symposium
- Offered small incentives and division level results

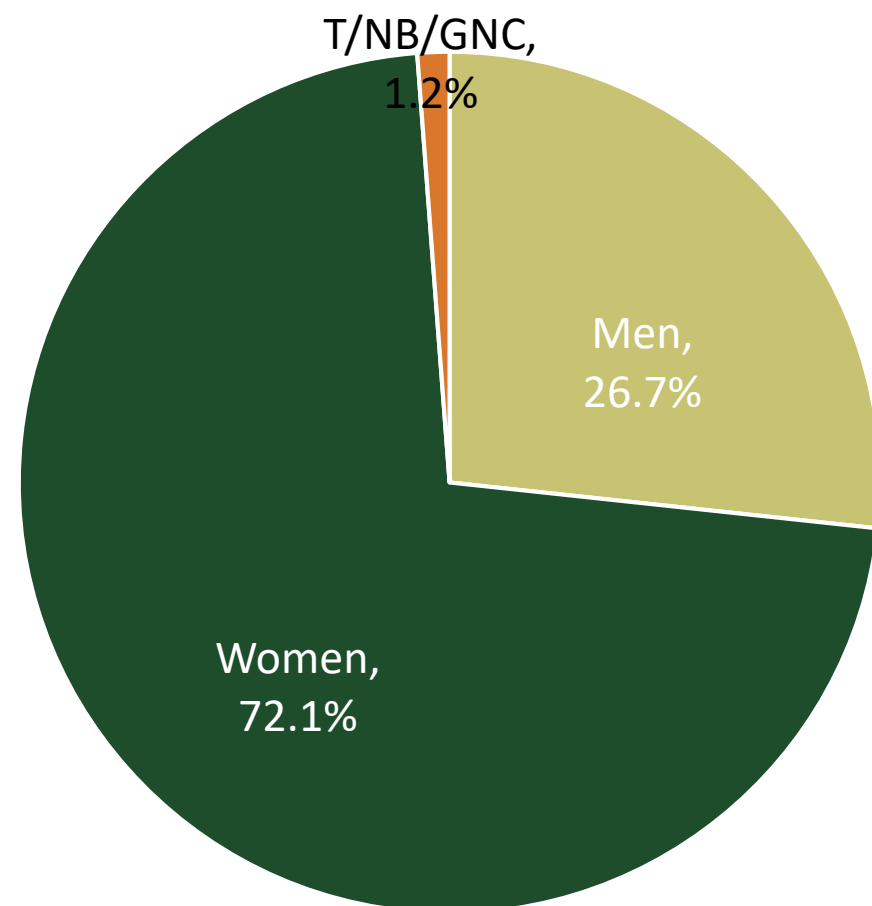
# CSU Response Rate Over Time

	2014 (n = 2,150)	2016 (n = 2,191)	2018 (n = 4,058)
All Employees	26.0%	30.3%	58.5%
Administrative Professional	28.2%	32.0%	50.5%
Faculty	29.3%	18.7%	45.6%
State Classified	30.7%	39.4%	47.3%

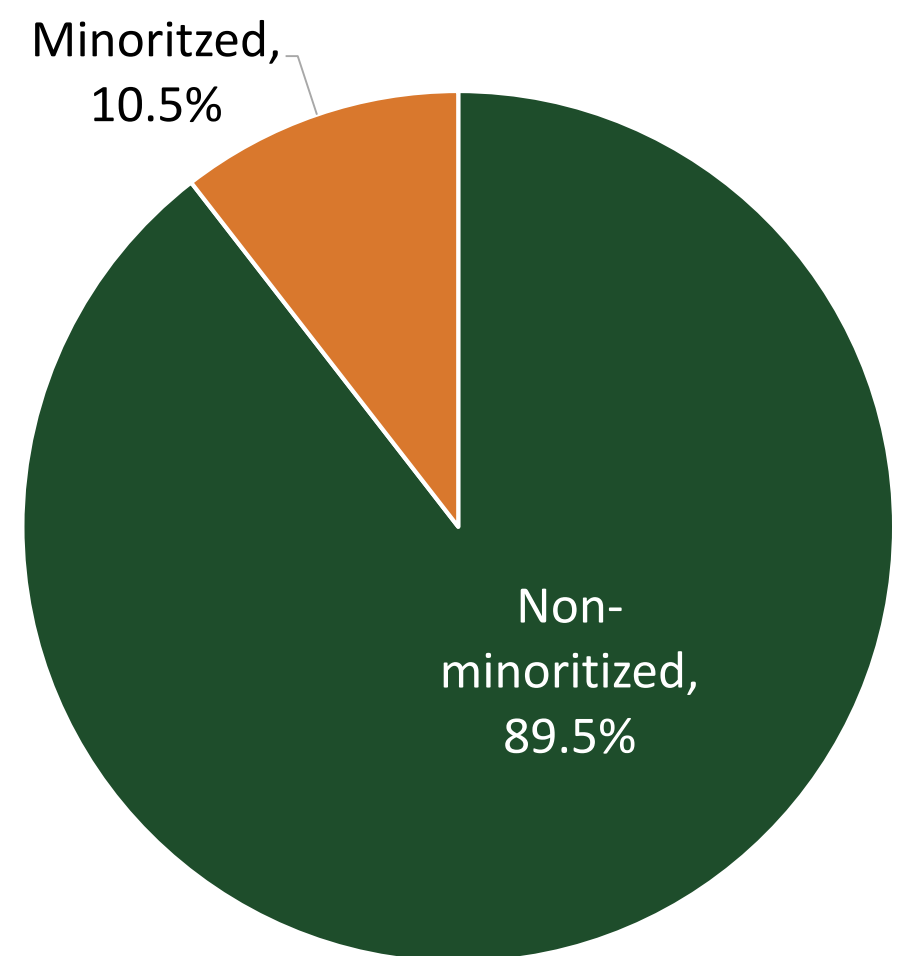
# Division Response Rate

Division	Response Rate
Enrollment and Access	83.9%
Graduate School or International Programs	80.6%
University Advancement	79.0%
Student Affairs-Health Network & Wellness Programs	70.8%
Student Affairs-All other units	68.5%
External Relations	64.9%
University Operations	63.0%
Research	61.4% (n=105)
Information Technology & Libraries	60.5%
Engagement	56.9%
Office of the Provost and Executive Vice President	56.7%
Office of the President	51.8%
Student Affairs-Housing and Dining	32.0%
Total (n = 4,058)	58.5%

# Respondent Characteristics for VPR



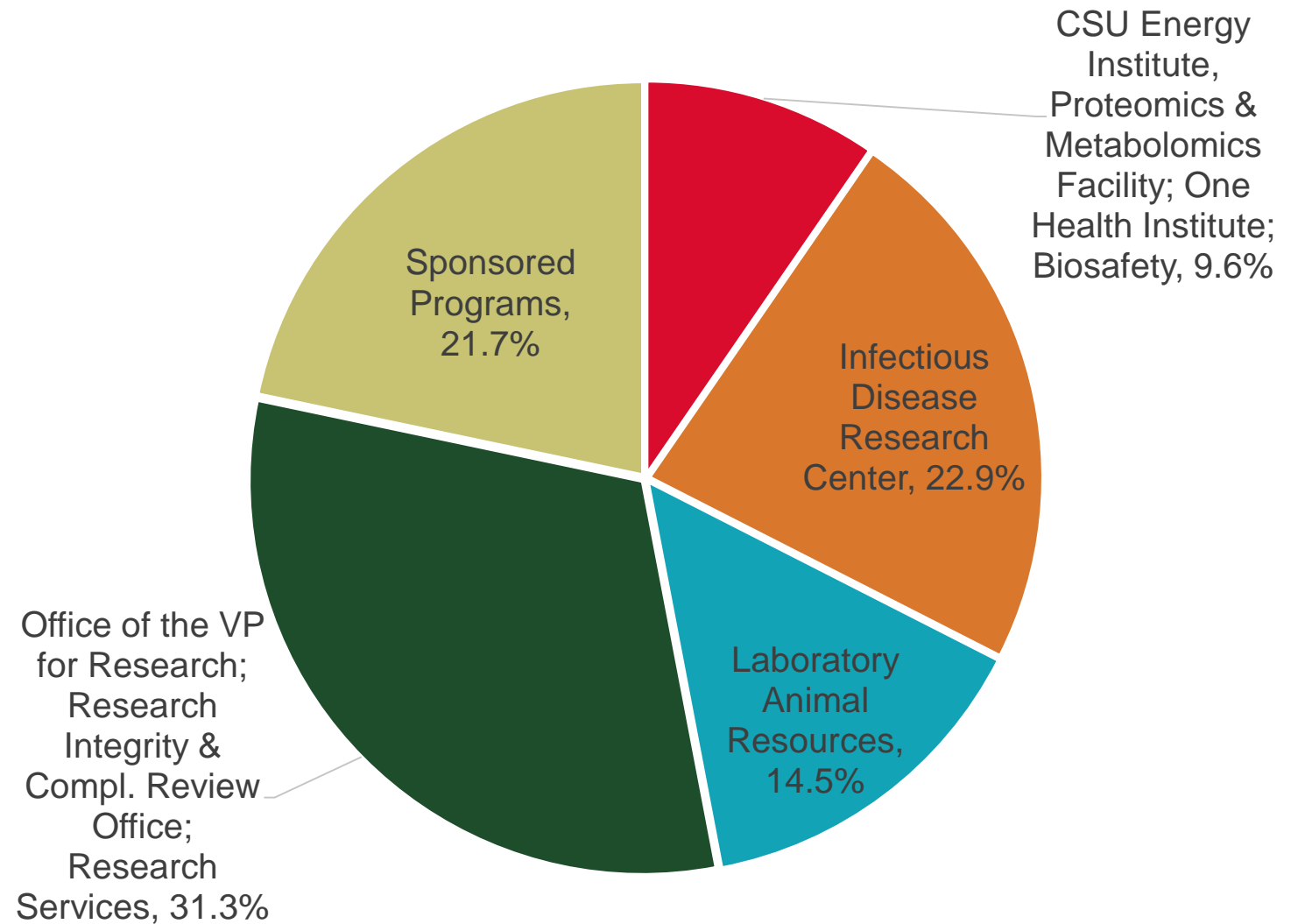
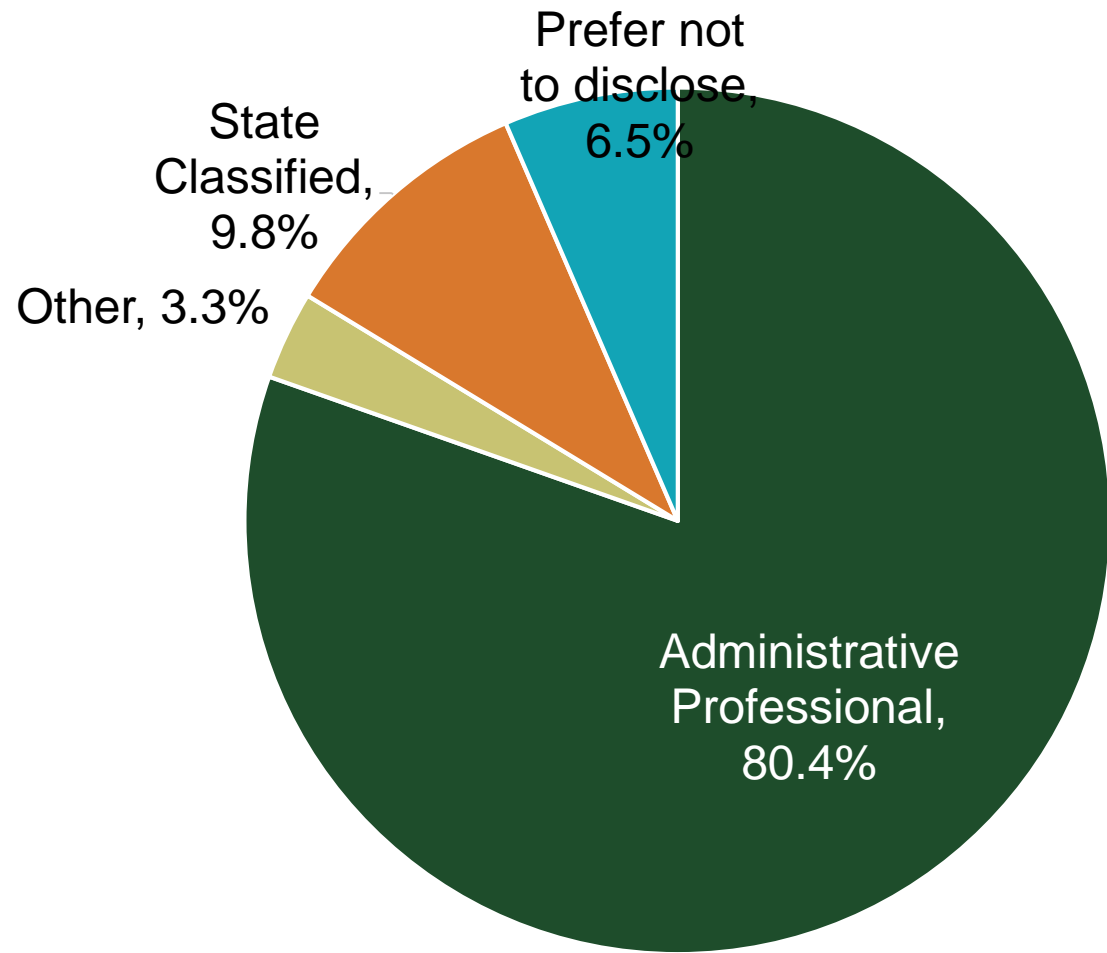
Gender



Racially Minoritized



# Employee Characteristics



# Survey Framework

- ❖ Culture
- ❖ Respect
- ❖ Favoritism
- ❖ Leadership & Accountability
- ❖ Misconduct
- ❖ Bias Incidents
- ❖ Principles of Community
- ❖ Employee Councils
- ❖ Freedom of Speech
- ❖ Perceptions of CSU and Department/Unit
- ❖ Discriminatory Attitudes
- ❖ Work Stressors
- ❖ Care Challenges
- ❖ Employee Characteristics
- ❖ Three words to describe your division/college culture
- ❖ Open ends

Items were asked on a five-point Likert 1 = Strongly Disagree and 5 = Strongly Agree

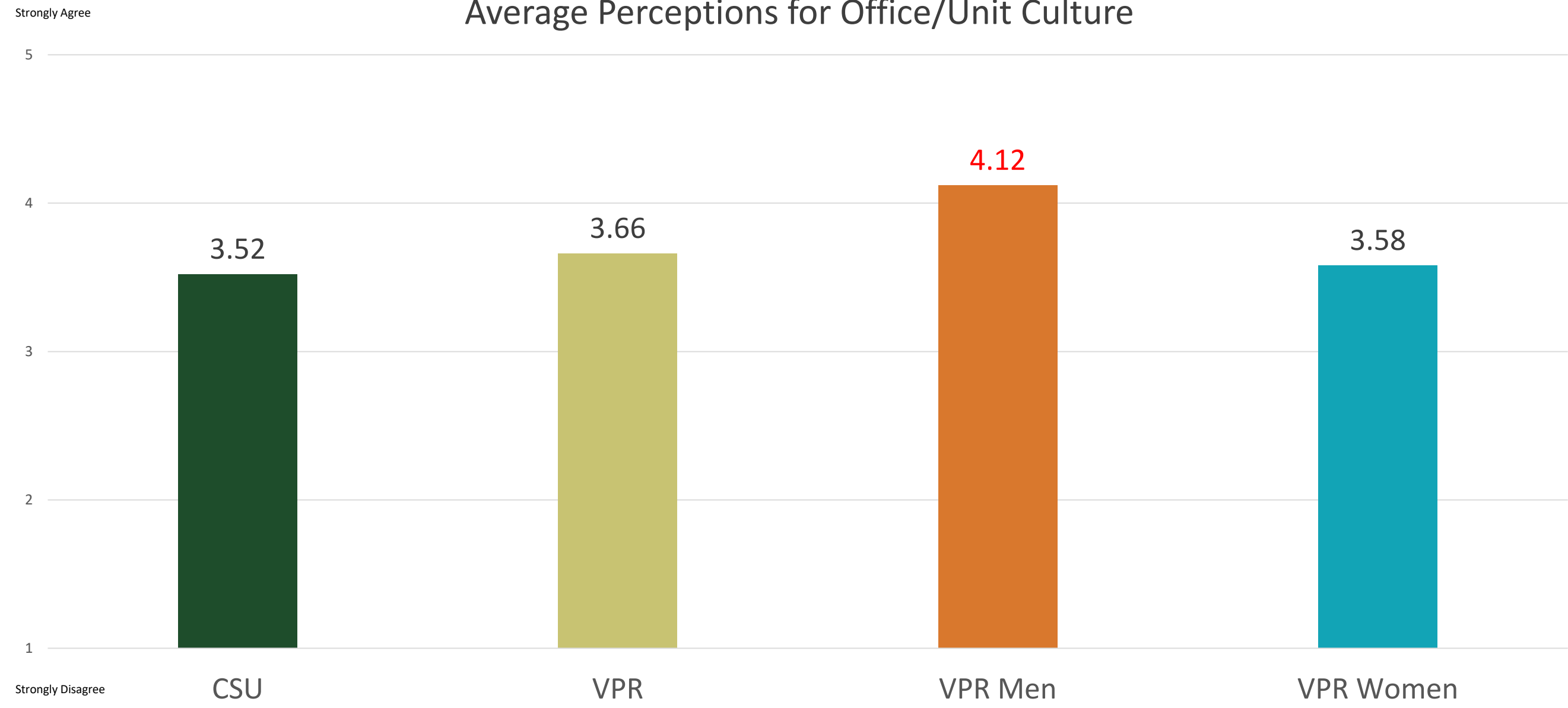
# Culture Items

## Department Culture

- My dept. promotes a work environment where all employees feel included
- My dept. treats all employees equitably (65% agree)
- My dept. is open and transparent in communication (64% agree)
- My dept. values employee input in major department decisions
- I feel valued as an employee (67% agree)

# VPR Culture

Average Perceptions for Office/Unit Culture

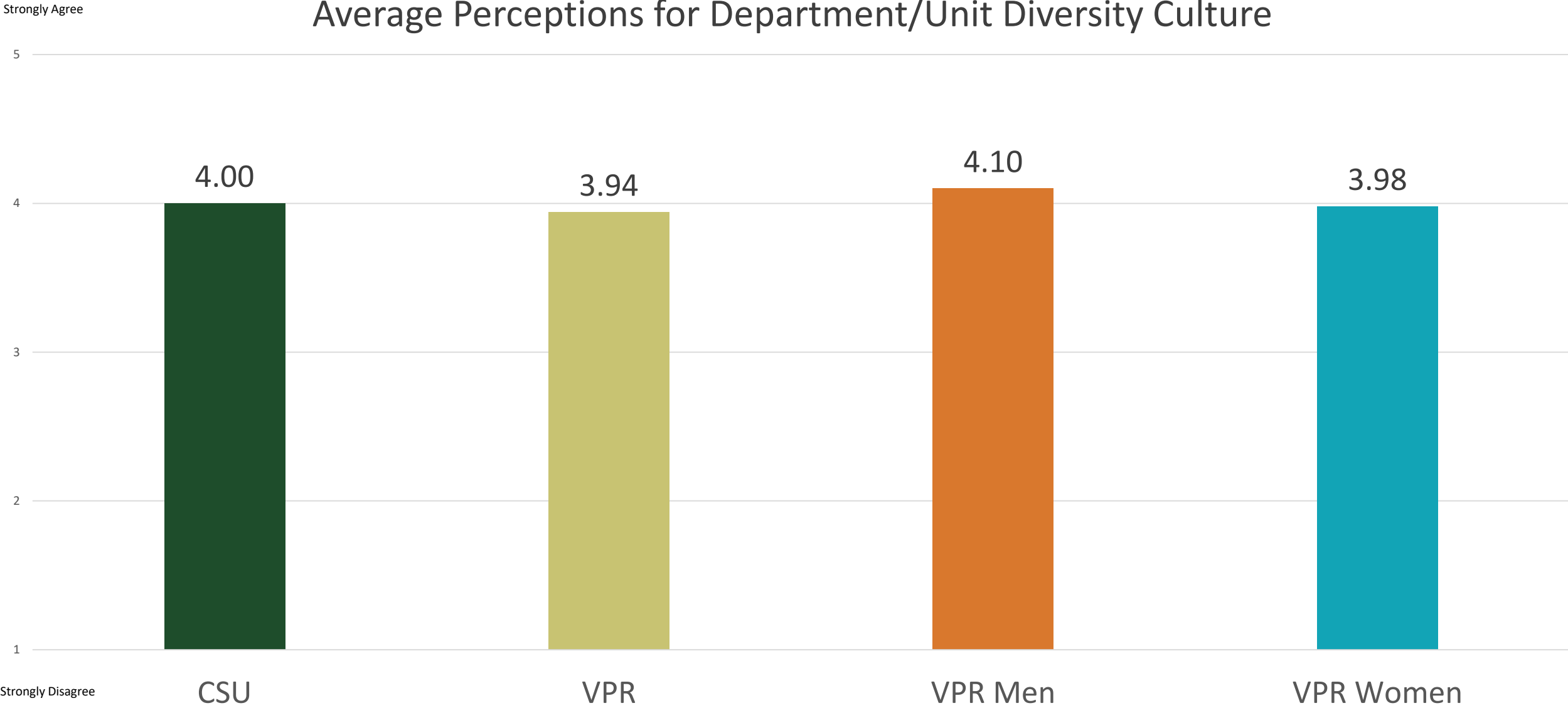


# Culture Items

## Department Diversity Culture

- My department promotes respect for cultural differences (67%)
- My department understands the value of diversity (71%)
- My department communicates the importance of valuing diversity (63%)

# VPR Culture

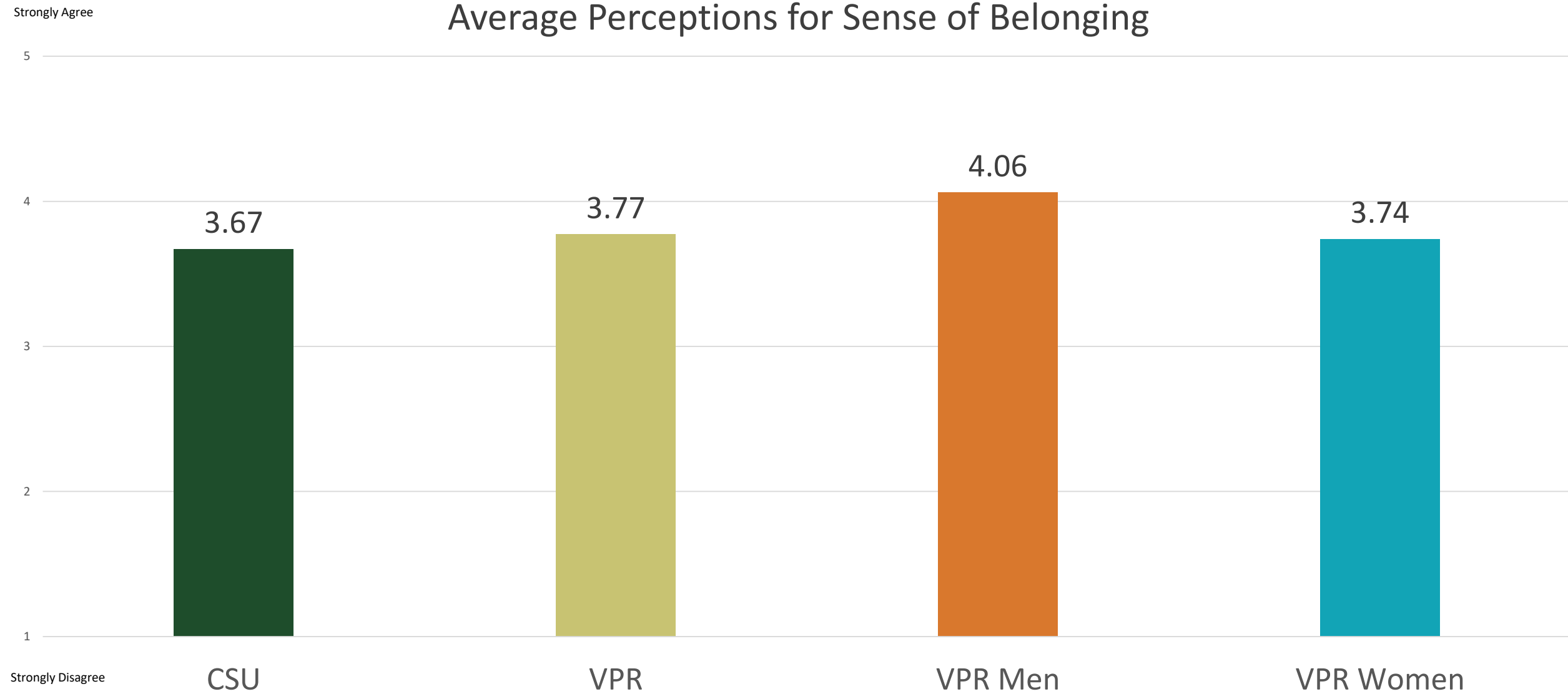


# Culture Items

## Sense of Belonging

- I feel a strong sense of belonging to CSU (65%)
- I feel a strong sense of belonging to my division (67%)
- I feel a strong sense of belonging to my office (74%)

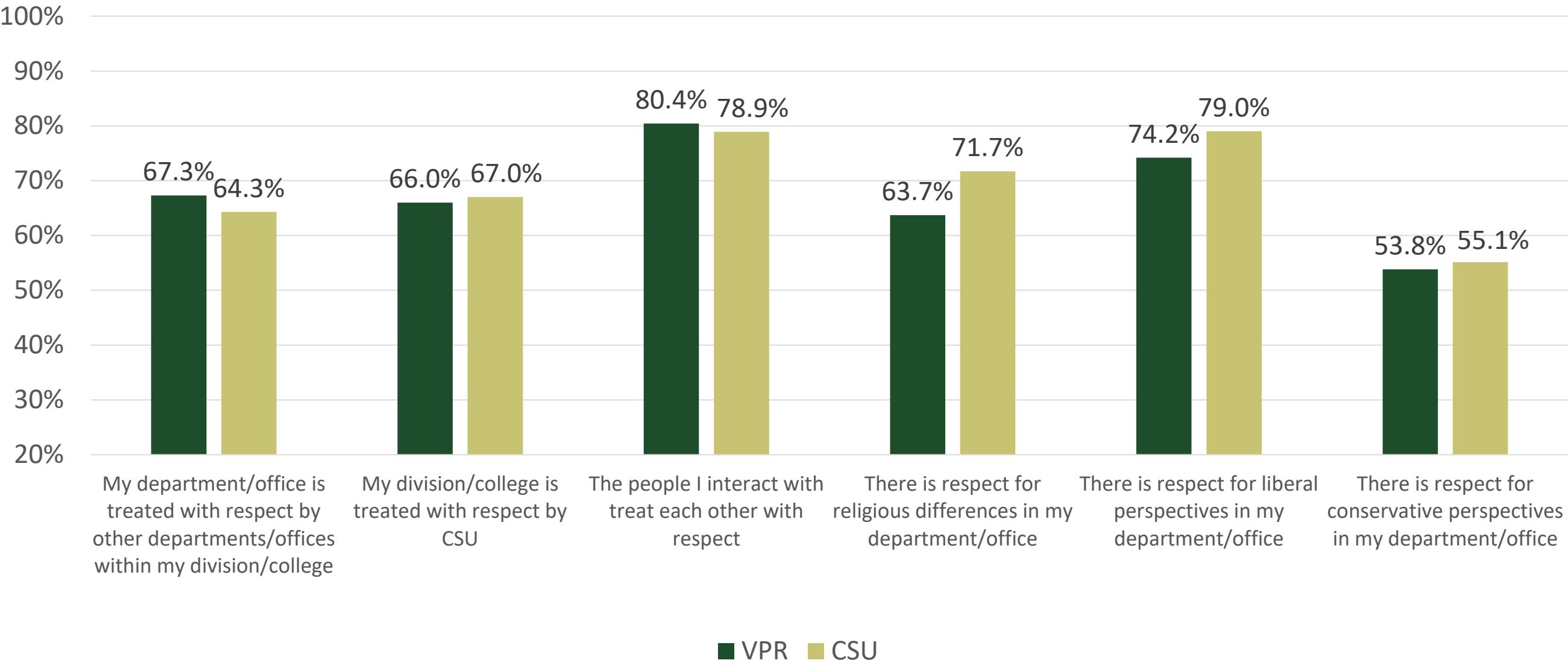
# VPR Culture





# Respect

Strongly Agree/Agree

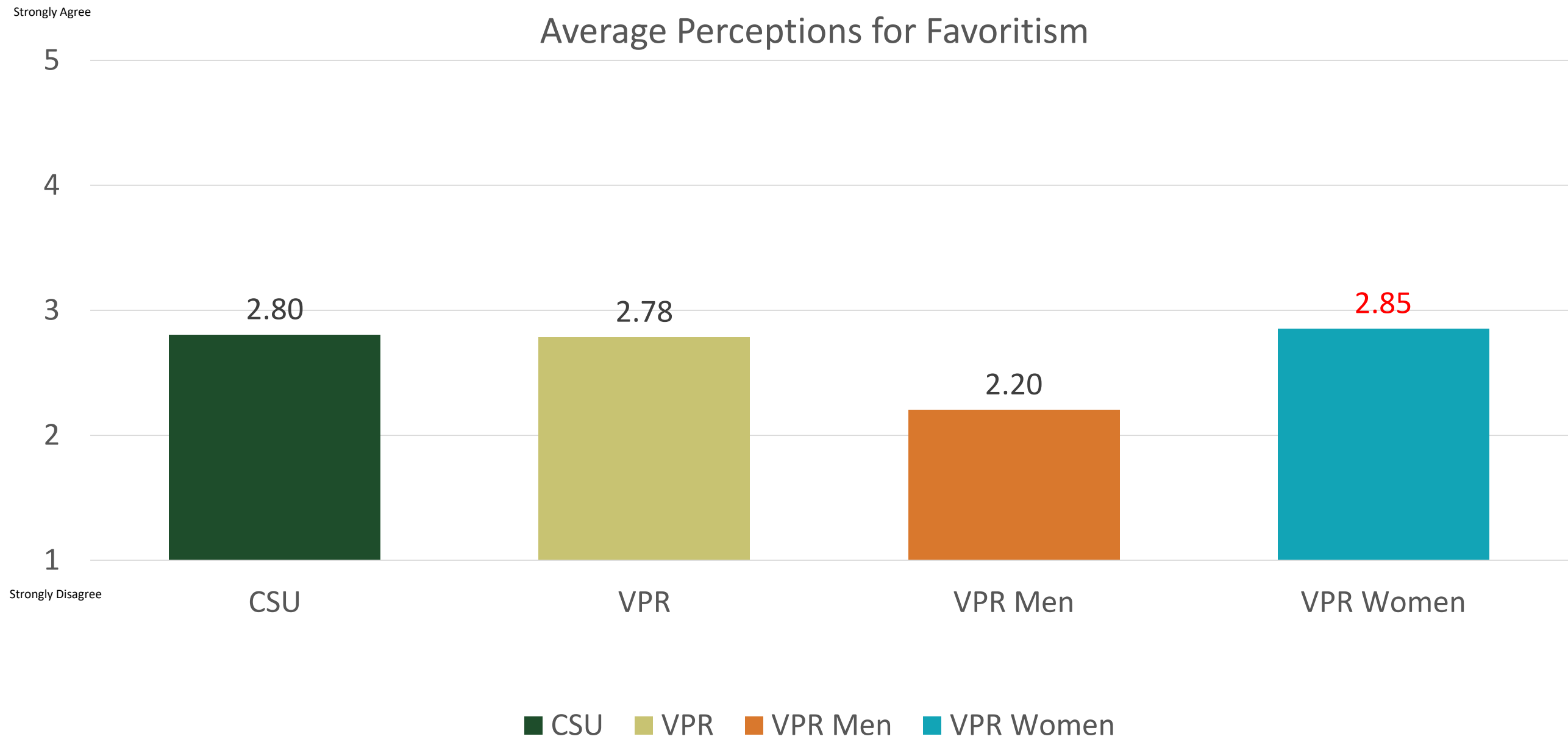


# Favoritism Items

- Favoritism plays a role in who gets recognized within my department/office (39%)
- Favoritism plays a role in who gets resources in my department/office (33%)
- Favoritism plays a role in who gets professional development opportunities (27%)
- Favoritism plays a role in who gets promoted in my department/office (34%)
- Favoritism plays a role in who gets hired in my department/office (28%)

# VPR Favoritism

Average Perceptions for Favoritism



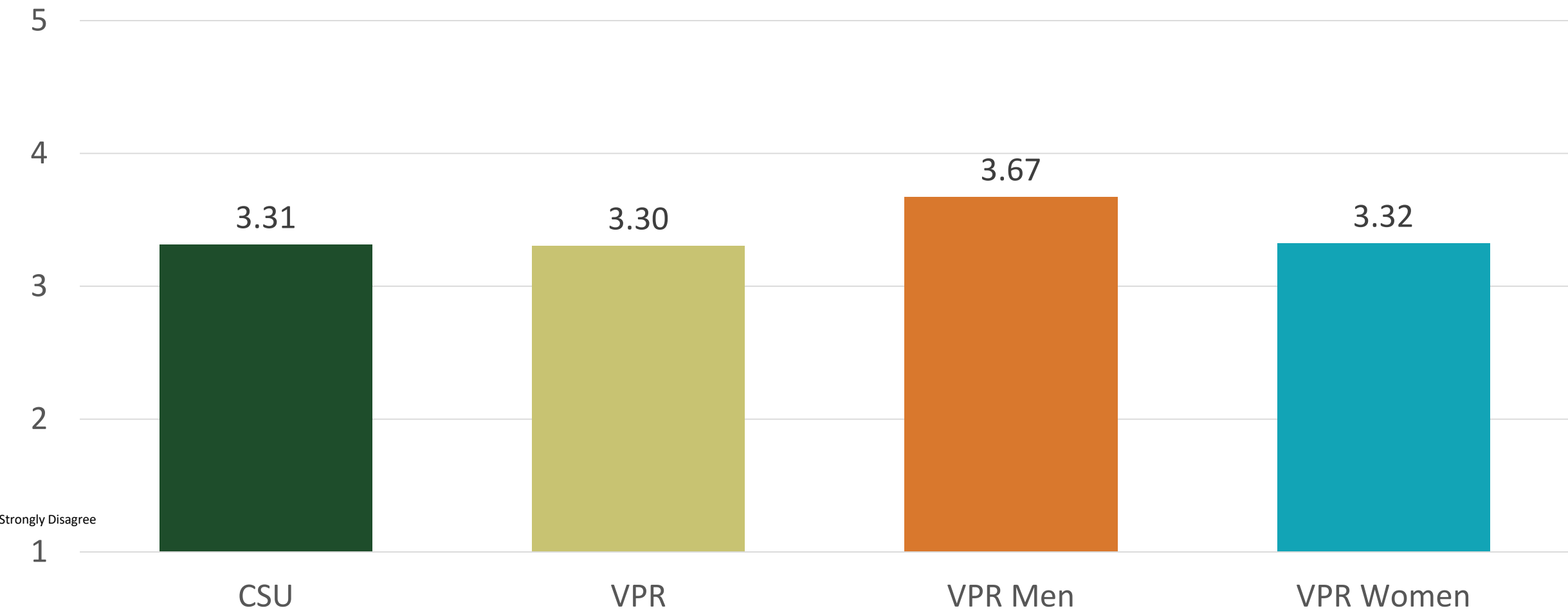
# Leadership and Accountability Items

- Items asked each for Division and Office/Unit
  - Leadership adequately addresses inappropriate behavior
  - Leadership holds employees accountable for inappropriate behavior
  - Leadership holds employees accountable for poor performance
  - Leadership acts ethically and honestly in the workplace
  - Leadership addresses issues of inequity
  - Leaders hold all employees to the same standards

# VPR Leadership & Accountability

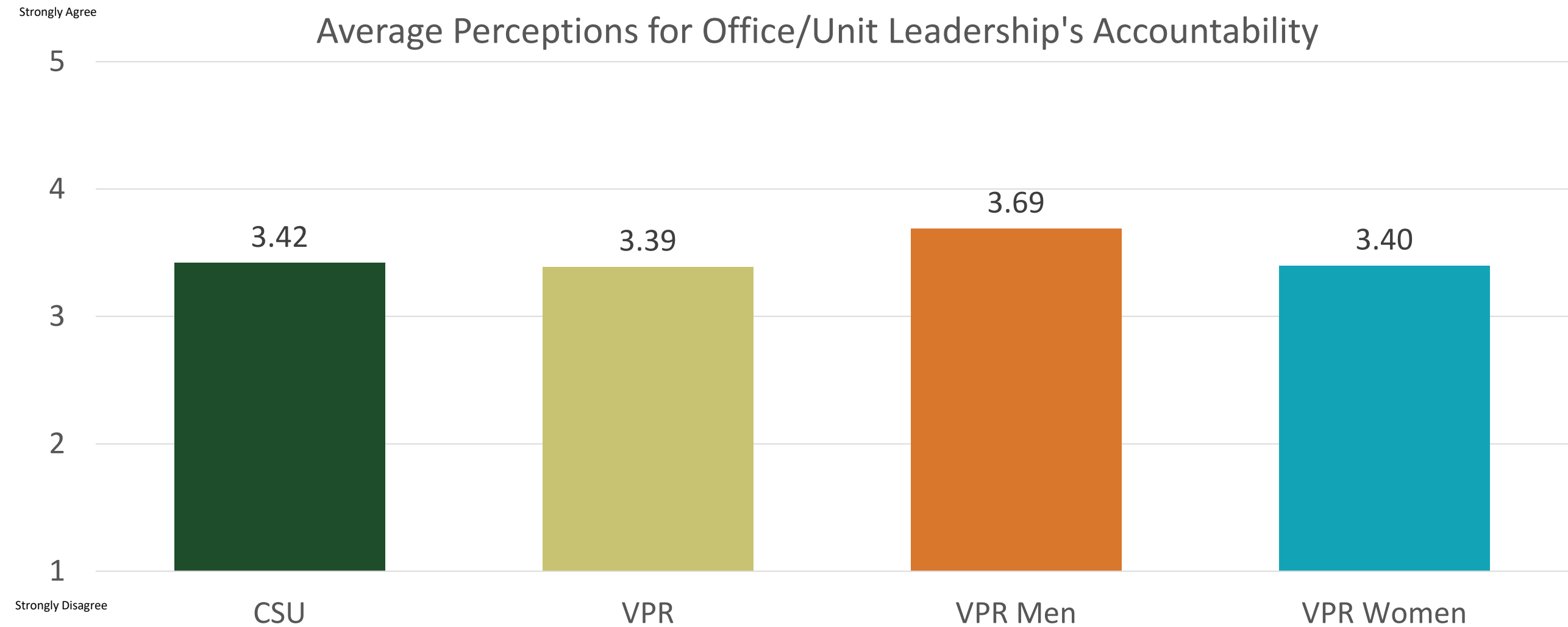
Strongly Agree

Average Perceptions for Division Leadership's Accountability

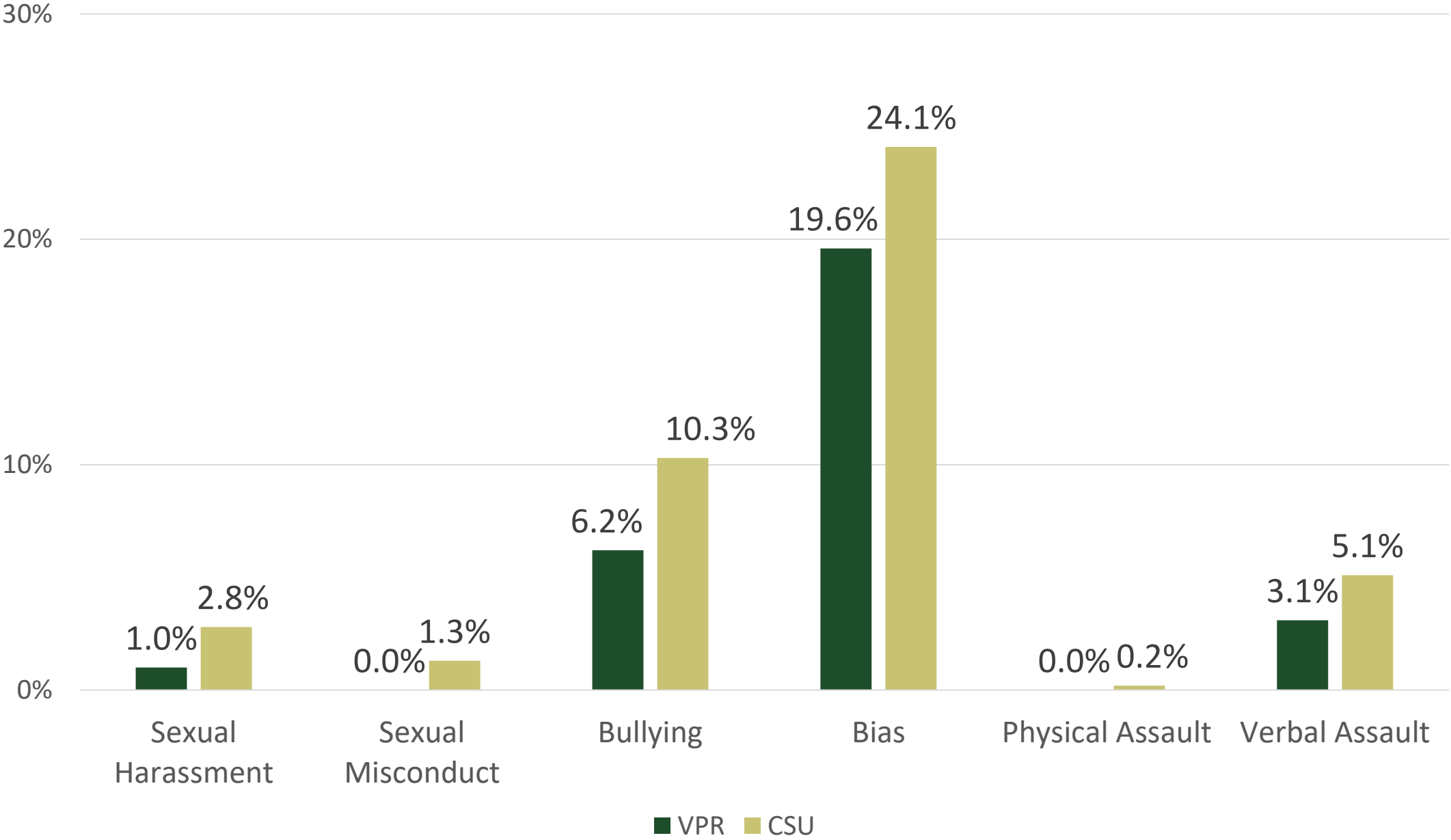


Strongly Disagree

# VPR Leadership & Accountability

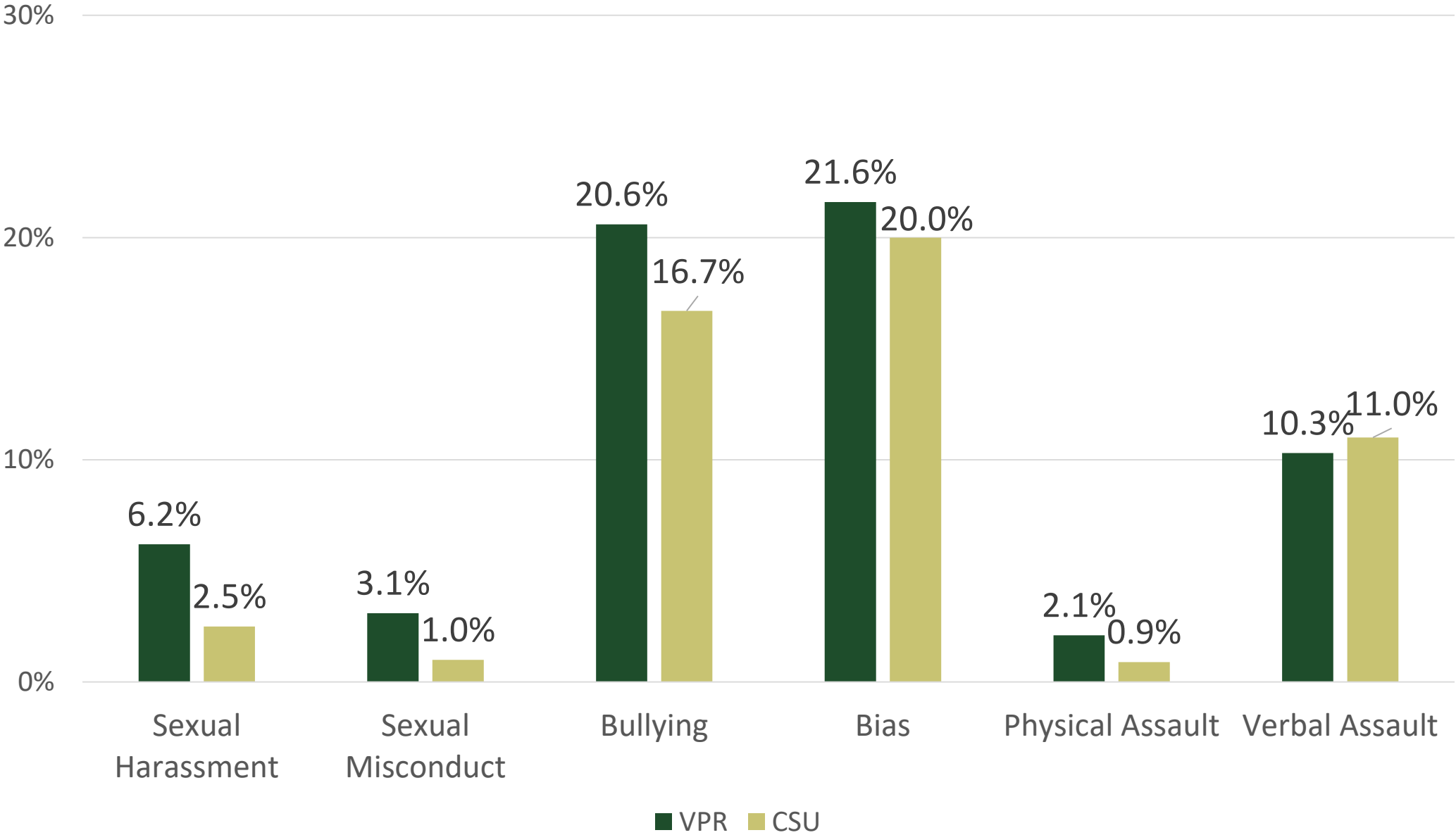


Percentage of respondents who indicated misconduct in their division



Misconduct

Percentage of respondents who indicated they would avoid people because of misconduct

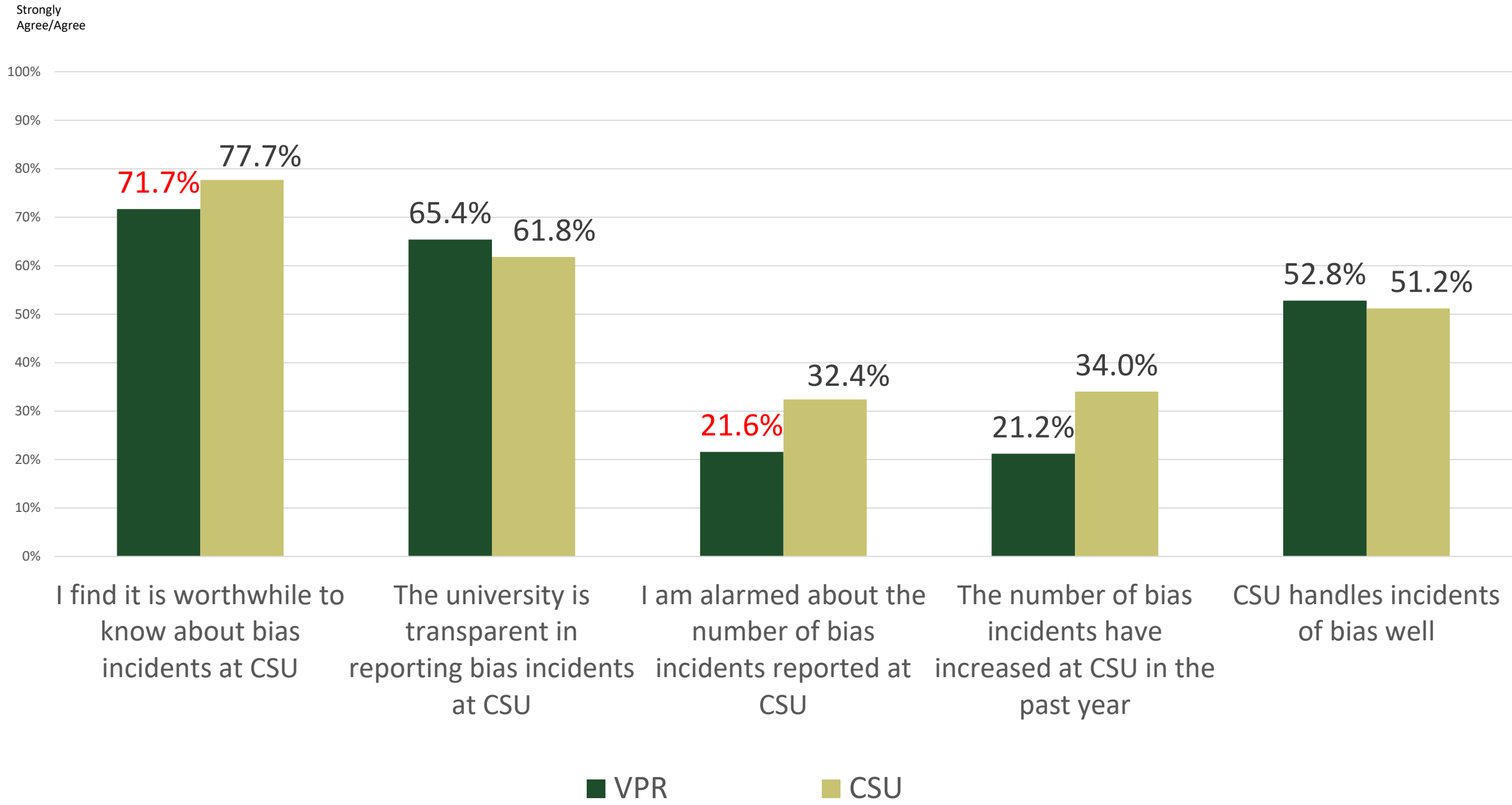


Misconduct

There are people I avoid because of \_\_\_\_\_



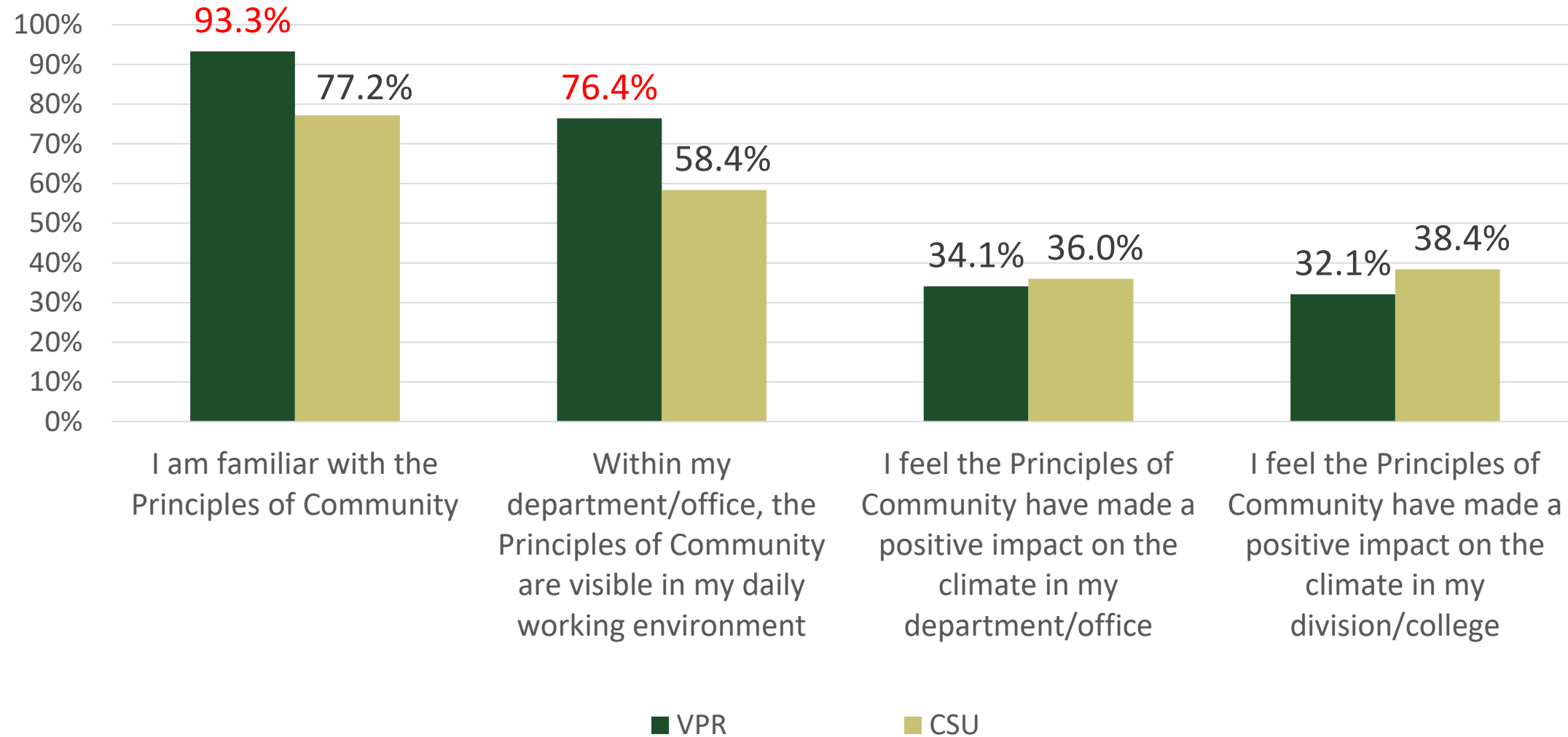
Percentage of respondent agreement to items related to perceptions of bias incidents



Bias

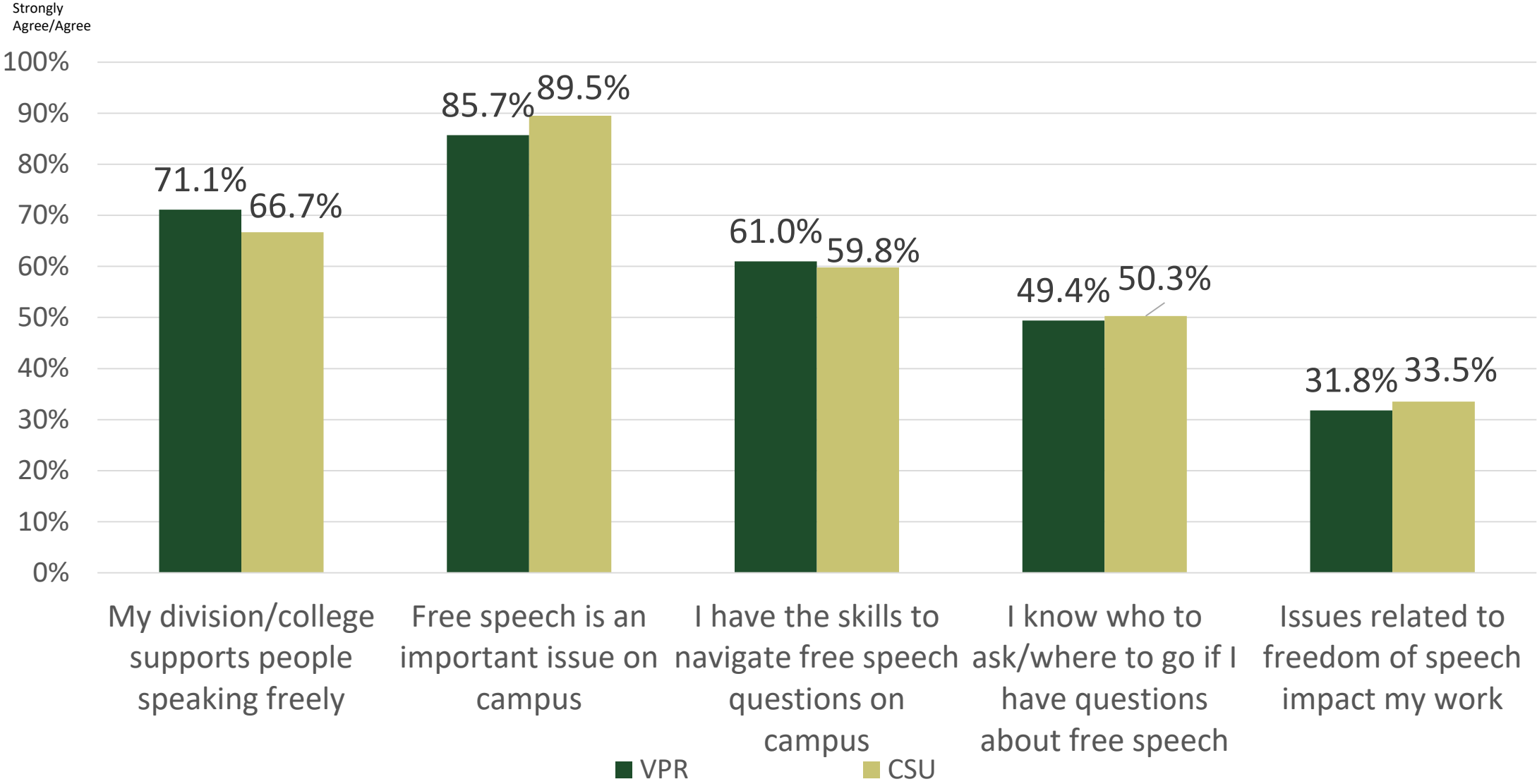
## Percentage of respondent agreement to items related to Principles of Community

Strongly Agree/Agree



# Principles of Community

Percentage of respondent agreement to items related to freedom of speech

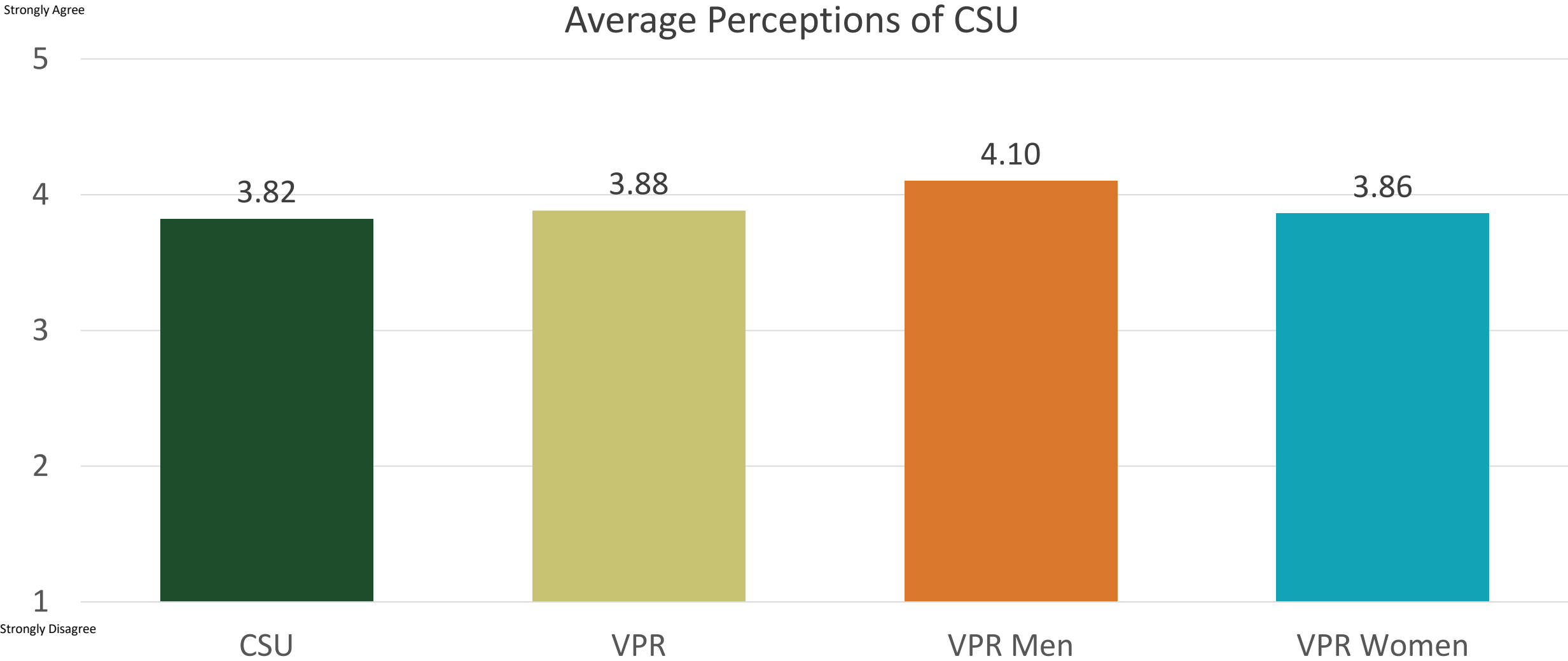


# Freedom of Speech

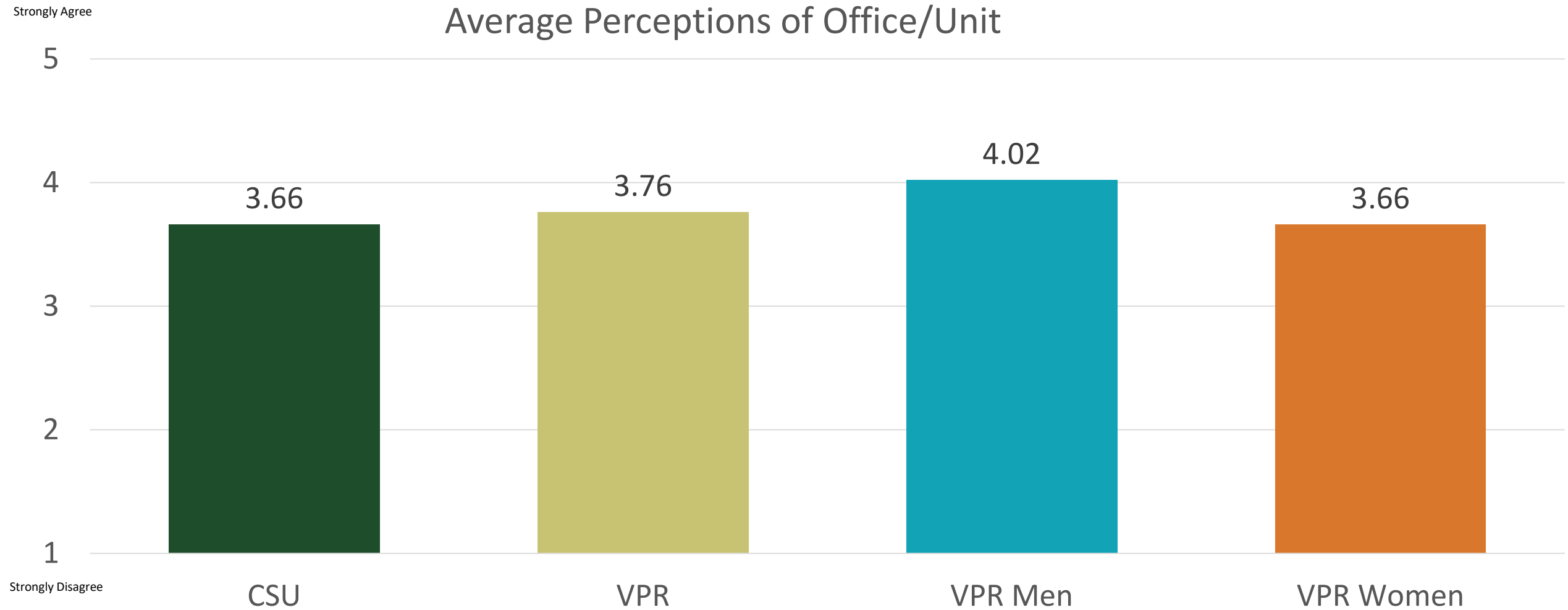
# Perception Items

- Items asked each for CSU and Office
  - Recruits employees from a diverse set of backgrounds CSU: 82%
  - Improves the campus climate for all employees
  - Retains diverse employees CSU: 70%
  - Creates a supportive environment for employees from diverse backgrounds CSU: 75%
  - Encourages discussions related to diversity Office: 45%
  - Provides employees with a positive work experience
  - Climate has become consistently more inclusive of all employees CSU: 55%
  - I would recommend as a place of employment

# VPR Perceptions

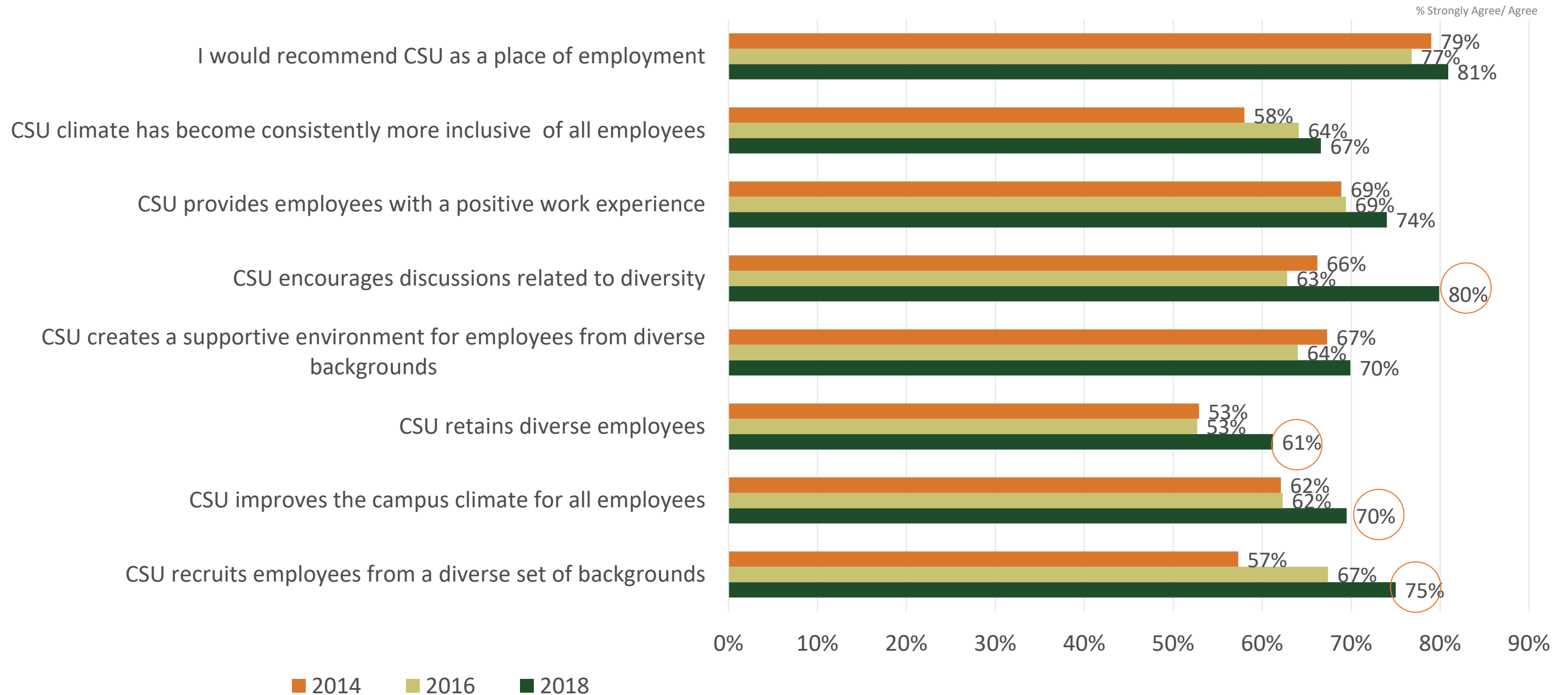


# VPR Perceptions



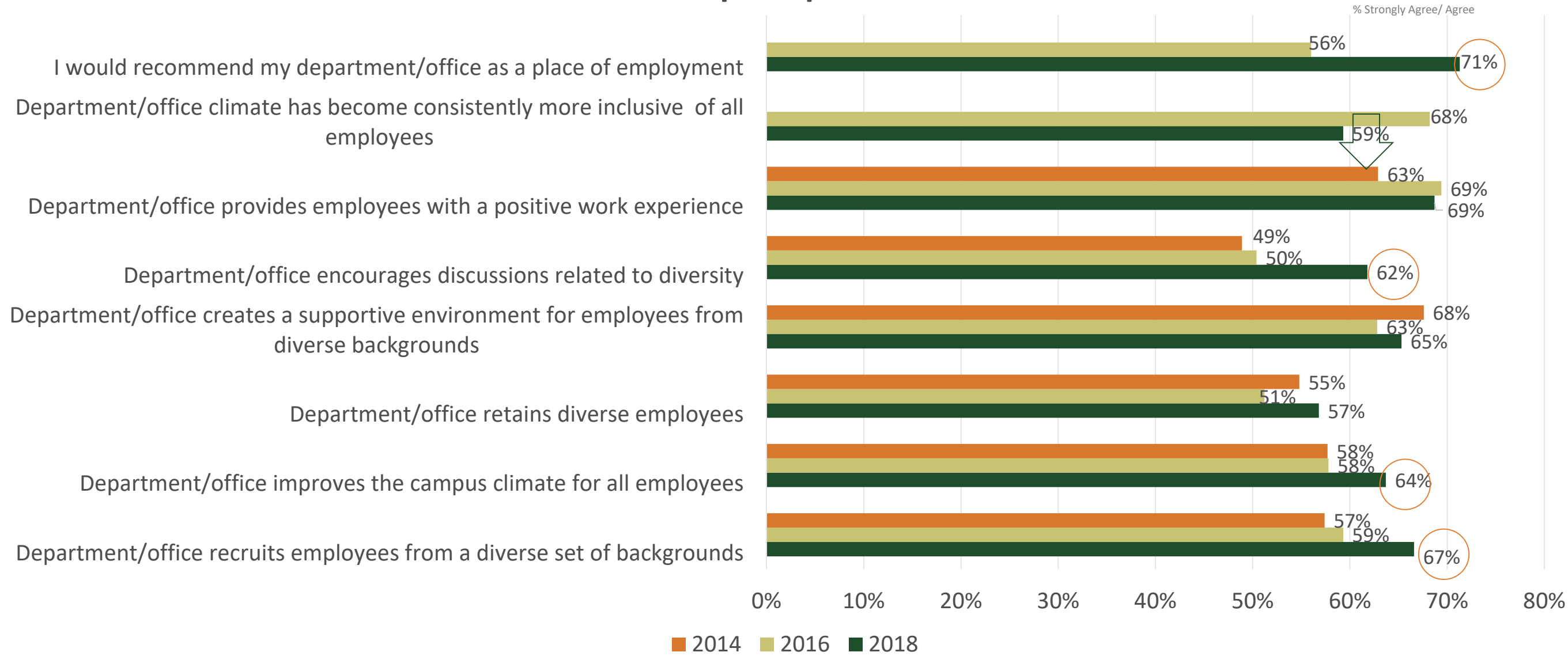
# CSU Perceptions over Time

## Percentage of respondent agreement to items related to CSU perceptions over time



# Department/Unit Perceptions over Time

Percentage of respondent agreement to items related to Department/Unit perceptions over time





5

4

3

2

1

CSU Perceptions Unit Perceptions Unit Leadership Division Leadership Favoritism Sense of Belonging Department Culture Department Diversity Culture

T/NB/GNC Men Women

T/NB/GNC

3.88  
3.83

3.76  
3.64

3.59  
3.38

3.48  
3.25

2.83  
2.65  
3.09

3.71  
3.71

3.67  
3.48

4.07  
3.99

3.45

3.28

3.04

3.10

3.58

3.29

3.75

# Discriminatory Attitudes

- Perceived Discriminatory Attitudes in Office:
  - 47% indicated no discriminatory attitudes present (CSU: 36%)
  - 31% Job title (CSU: 31%)
  - 17% Political Affiliation (CSU: 20%)
  - 15% Age (CSU: 19%)
  - 14% Employment classification (CSU: 29%)
  - 14% Gender (CSU: 17%)

# Work Stressors

- Top 3 Work Stressors
  - 46% Low salary (CSU: 47%)
  - 42% Workload (CSU: 33%)
  - 27% Work/life balance (CSU: 29%)
  - 23% Lack of growth /promotion (CSU: 29%)
  - 19% Lack of resources/Budget/Funding (CSU: 17%)
  - 19% Job security (CSU: )
  - 18% Email overload (CSU: 17.7%)
  - 12% Department climate (CSU: 20.6%)

# Three words to describe VPR culture

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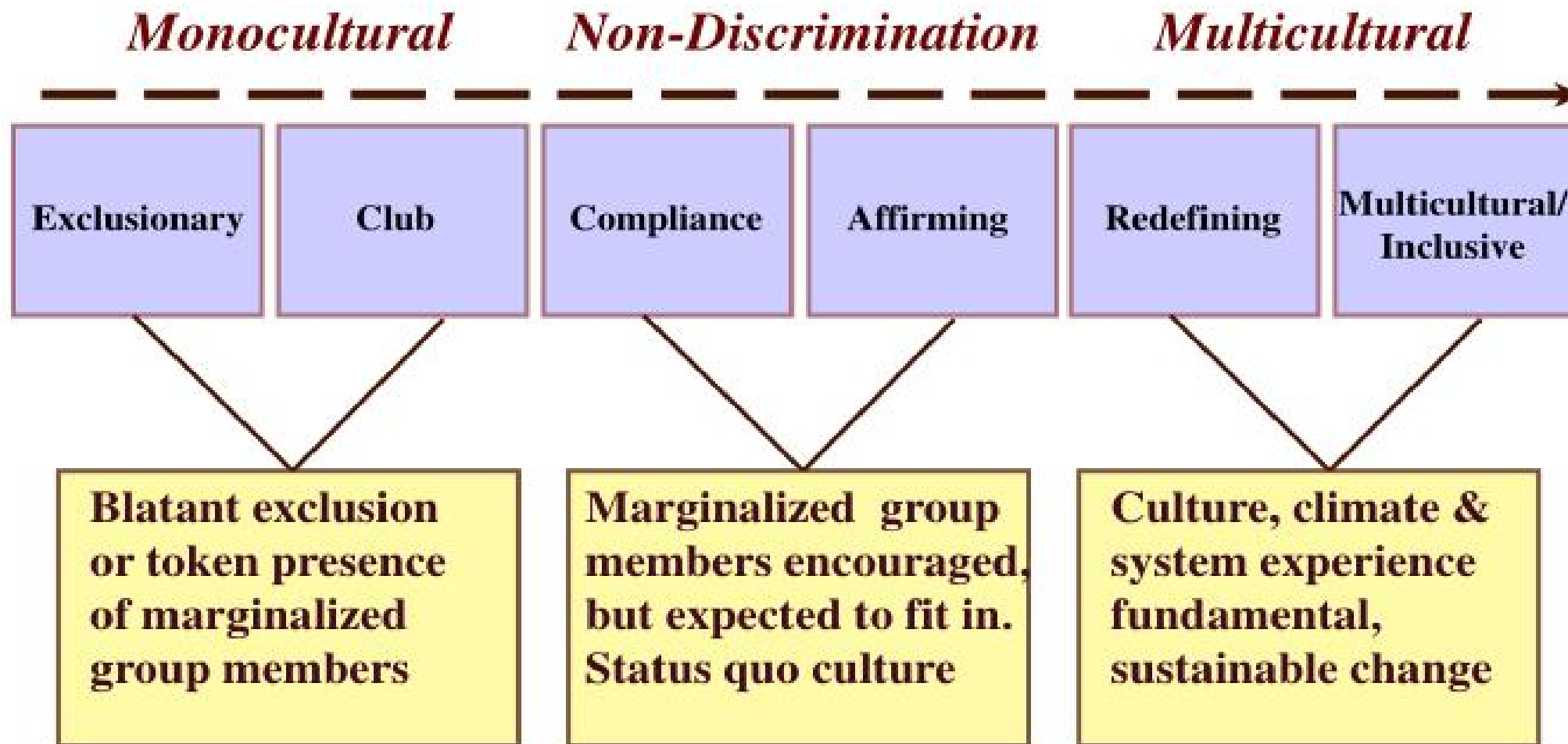


# Key Findings for VPR

- On average, VPR respondents have comparable results to the average CSU respondent
- VPR respondents had higher than average perceptions of items related to CSU recruiting, retaining, and supporting diverse employees
- Men respondents had more favorable results compared to women respondents for their perceptions on favoritism and department culture and on items related to respect
- 46% of VPR Respondents strongly agreed/agreed they could do their job more effectively if they received more information from their office (CSU: 37%)
  - Women respondents agreed more their department and office was less open and transparent in communication compared to men respondents
- Women respondents perceived bullying and bias as problematic in their division more so than men respondents
- There were not enough respondents to compare data by race/ethnicity or employee type



# Jackson/Hardiman MCOD Continuum\*



\*Jackson 2005

## MCOD

- How do the findings relate to the Multicultural Organization Development (MCOD)?

# More Information

Please visit VPD's 2018 Employee Climate Survey Website:  
<https://diversity.colostate.edu/2018-employee-climate-survey/>

- Download CSU Report
- Download Division Report
- Download Employee Type Report
- Special division reports
- Coming Soon:
  - Open end reports
  - Intersectionality reports
  - Open forum reports
  - Focus group reports
- Report Contents:
  - Item percentages
  - Mean comparisons by employee characteristics at the item and factor level
  - College comparisons to CSU at the item and factor level
    - Each item is noted as being higher, similar, or lower than the CSU average





Thank you for your participation

<https://diversity.colostate.edu/2018-employee-climate-survey/>